- 所別: 電機工程研究所 乙組 科目: 近代物理 共 / 頁 第 / 頁
- 1. (10) An electron is constrained in the infinite square well with width of 0.1 nm. (a) Calculate the energy level values for the electron for levels up to n=4. (b) Find the wavelengths of all photons that can be emitted by the electrons in making transitions that would eventually get it from the n =4 state to the n=1 state.
- 2. (10) Sketch the wavefunctions $\psi(x)$ and the probability density $|\psi(x)|^2$ for the lowest four states of a particle in a finite potential well.
- 3. (15) Tunneling of a particle through barriers that are high or wide (or both) is very unlikely. Show that for a square barrier (barrier height of U and barrier width of L) with $\frac{2mUL^2}{\hbar^2} >> 1$ and particle energies well below the top of the barrier (E << U), the probability for transmission is approximately $p \approx 16 \frac{E}{U} e^{-2\left[\sqrt{2m(U-E)}/\hbar\right]L}$
- 4. (10) A neutron beam with a selected speed of 0.5m/s is directed through a double slit with a 1.0mm separation. An array of electrons is placed 15 m from the slit. (a) What is the de Broglie wavelength of the neutrons? (b) How far off axis is the first zero-intensity point on the detector array? (c) Can we say which slit any particle neutron passed through? Explain.
- (15) Show that the average kinetic energy of a conduction electron in a metal at 0.
 K is given by E=3E_F/5, where E_F is Fermi energy.
- 6. (15) Explain the principle of a gas laser? Why must a lasing medium possess at least three energy levels?
- 7. (10) The bandgap of GaN crystal is about 3.4 eV. What is its color to human eyes? Why?
- (15) Explain the following items: (a) photon, (b) phonon, (c) boson, (d) fermion,
 (e) Bohr radius.