

※請在答案卷內作答

Note: Detailed derivations are required to obtain a full score for each problem.

1. (10%) Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 & -4 \\ 2 & 10 & 10 & 16 & 14 \\ -3 & 0 & -5 & -2 & -7 \\ -2 & -1 & -4 & -3 & -6 \\ 2 & 7 & 8 & 11 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$.

- (a) (3%) Compute $\text{rank}(A)$.
- (b) (2%) Compute $\text{rank}(AB)$.
- (c) (3%) Compute $\text{rank}(A^tAAA^t)$.
- (d) (2%) Compute $\dim(N(B^tA))$.
2. (10%) Let V be the vector space spanned by the ordered basis functions $\beta = \{xe^{ax}, e^{ax}, e^{bx}\}$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ and $a \neq b$. Define a linear transformation $T : V \rightarrow V$ with parameters $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$:
- $$T(y(x)) = y'' + py' + qy.$$
- (a) (4%) Find the matrix representation for $[T]_\beta$.
- (b) (6%) There are two conditions for p and q such that $\dim(N(T)) = 2$. For each condition, express p and q in terms of a and b , and also find the corresponding null space.
3. (5%) Let A and B be $n \times n$ square matrices such that $AB = C$ where C is an upper triangular matrix with $C_{ij} \neq 0$ whenever $j \geq i$. Prove that A and B are both invertible.
4. (16%) Let V be a vector space over a field \mathbb{F} , T be a linear operator on V , and W be a subspace of V . We say that W is invariant under T if for each vector v in W the vector Tv is also in W . Let W be an invariant subspace for T , and $v \in V$. The T -conductor of v into W , denoted by $S_T(v, W)$, is defined as the set of all polynomials $g(x)$ over \mathbb{F} such that $g(T)v$ is in W , i.e., $S_T(v, W) = \{g(x) \in \mathbb{F}[x] \mid g(T)v \in W\}$.
- (a) (8%) Prove the following statement. If W is an invariant subspace for T , then, for each polynomial $g(x) \in \mathbb{F}[x]$, W is invariant under $g(T)$.
- (b) (8%) Prove that if W is an invariant subspace for T then $S_T(v, W)$ is a subspace of $\mathbb{F}[x]$, the set of polynomials over \mathbb{F} .
5. (9%) Let T be a linear operator on a finite-dimensional inner product space V . Prove that $N(T^*T) = N(T)$, where $N(T)$ is the null space for T .

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6. (10%)

(a) (3%) Prove that for any two events A and B , we have $P(A \cap B) \geq P(A) + P(B) - 1$.(b) (5%) Generalize to the case of n events A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n , by showing that $P(A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n) \geq P(A_1) + P(A_2) + \dots + P(A_n) - (n - 1)$.(c) (2%) Let A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n be n events. Show that if $P(A_1) = P(A_2) = \dots = P(A_n) = 1$, then $P(A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n) = 1$.7. (10%) Let X_0 be the amount of rain that will fall in the United States on next Christmas day. For $k > 0$, let X_k be the amount of rain that will fall in the United States on Christmas k years later. Let N be the smallest number of years that elapse before we get a Christmas rainfall greater than X_0 . Suppose that $P(X_i = X_j) = 0$ if $i \neq j$; the events concerning the amount of rain on Christmas days of different years are all independent, and the X_k 's are identically distributed. Please show that the probability mass function of N is $P(N = n) = \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$, $n \geq 1$. (Hint: You can calculate $P(N > n)$ first.)8. (5%) Let θ be a random number between $-\frac{\pi}{2}$ and $\frac{\pi}{2}$. Find the probability density function of $X = \tan \theta$.9. (5%) The joint PDF of X, Y is the following,

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_x\sigma_y} \exp \left\{ -\frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{2\sigma_x^2} - \frac{(y-\mu_y)^2}{2\sigma_y^2} \right\}$$

We know that X, Y are normal random variables. Find $Var(X + Y)$.10. (10%) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_9 be independent Poisson random variables with the following PMF:

$$P_{X_i}(k) = \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda}, \text{ with } \lambda = 1$$

(a) (5%) Use the Markov inequality to obtain a bound on

$$P \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^9 X_i \geq 15 \right\}$$

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(b) (5%) Use the two-sided Chebyshev inequality to obtain a bound on

$$P \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^9 X_i \geq 15 \right\}$$

11. (10%) Let X be a random variable with PDF

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} x/4, & \text{if } 1 < x \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and let A be the event $\{X \geq 2\}$.

(a) (5%) Find $E[X|A]$.

(b) (5%) Let $Y = X^2$. Find $E[Y]$ and $var(Y)$.

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