

國立中央大學 106 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別： 天文研究所碩士班 不分組(一般生)

共 2 頁 第 1 頁

天文研究所碩士班 不分組(在職生)

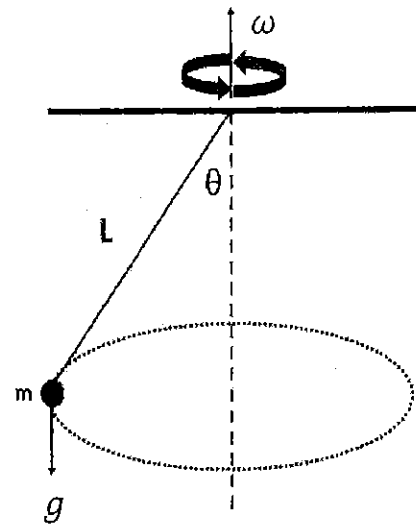
科目： 普通物理

本科考試禁用計算器

\*請在答案卷 內作答

須有計算過程

1. (20%) A conical pendulum, fixed on one end of a light inextensible string of length  $L$  with a suspended object of mass  $m$  experiencing a gravitational acceleration  $g$ , moves at a constant speed  $v$  in a horizontal circle with the string tracing out a cone, as shown on the right.



參考用

- (a) What is the tension force in the string (5%)? (b) What is the angular speed  $\omega$  of the motion (5%)? (c) Write down, but do not solve, the equation of motion of the object (5%). (d) If the air friction is now considered, with the drag force proportional to the speed, i.e.,  $F_D = \gamma v$ , where  $\gamma$  is the viscosity. Write down the equation of motion in this case (5%).

2. (20%) (a) The temperature of an ideal gas with constant heat capacity changes from  $T_1$  to  $T_2$ . Show that the entropy change  $\Delta S$  of the gas is greater if the change in state occurs at constant pressure than if at constant volume (10%). (b) Water of mass  $m_1$  and temperature  $T_1$  is mixed with another water of mass  $m_2$  and temperature  $T_2$ . What is the equilibrium temperature and the entropy change of the mixture process (10%)?

注意：背面有試題

國立中央大學 106 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別： 天文研究所 碩士班 不分組(一般生)  
天文研究所 碩士班 不分組(在職生)

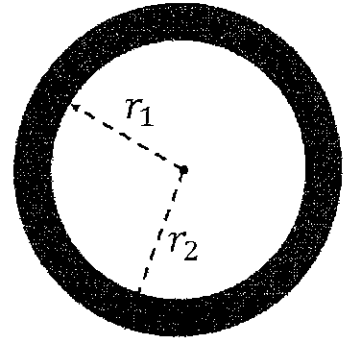
共 2 頁 第 2 頁

科目： 普通物理

本科考試禁用計算器

\*請在答案卷 內作答

3. (40%) A spherical shell has an inner and an outer radius of  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ , respectively, as depicted on the right.



The shell is equally charged with a volume charge density  $q$  and with a uniform material density  $\rho$ .

- (a) Find the gravitational potential energy, and the electric potential energy everywhere in space, i.e., for  $r < r_1$ ,  $r_1 \leq r \leq r_2$ , and  $r > r_2$  (20%). (b) Consider a different situation for which this spherical body moves at a constant speed  $v$ . What is the magnetic field in space where  $r \gg r_2$  (10%)? (c) Does this uniformly moving body produce any electromagnetic radiation? Why or why not? What if instead of a constant speed the body accelerates (10%)?

4. (20%) For simple harmonic motion, the restoring force on a particle of mass  $m$  is  $F = -kx$ , where  $x$  is the displacement from the equilibrium position, and  $k$  is a constant. (a) Find the period of the motion (10%). (b) Write down the Schrödinger wave equation for the simple harmonic oscillator with potential energy  $U = \frac{1}{2} m\omega^2 x^2$ , and at an energy state  $E = \hbar\omega/2$  (10%). Show that  $\psi = Ae^{-Bx^2}$  is a solution, and evaluate  $B$  (10%).