#### 台灣聯合大學系統 107 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

類組: 化學類 科目: 物理化學(1004)

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## ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

#### 一. 選擇題

- (一). 單選題,每題2分,答錯不倒扣。
- 1. The ionization energy for hydrogen atom is 13.6 eV. The ionization energy for the ground state of Li<sup>++</sup> is approximately
  - (A) 13.6 eV
  - (B) 27.2 eV
  - (C) 40.8 eV
  - (D) 54.4 eV
  - (E) 122.4 eV



- 2. Planck's constant has the same units as
  - (A) angular momentum
  - (B) the Hamiltonian
  - (C) frequency
  - (D) quantum number
  - (E) de Broglie wavelength
- 3. Which of the following is NOT a correct consequence of the Heisenberg Uncertainty principle:
  - (A) The shorter the lifetime of an excited state of an atom, the less accurately can its energy be measured.
  - (B) An electron in an atom cannot be described by a well-defined orbit.
  - (C) The momentum of an electron cannot be measured exactly.
  - (D) Measurement of one variable in an atomic system can affect subsequent measurements of other variables.
  - (E) A harmonic oscillator possesses a zero-point energy.
- 4. The orbital degeneracy (excluding spin) of hydrogen atom energy levels equals
  - (A) n 1
  - (B) n
  - (C) n + 1
  - (D) 2n + 1
  - $(E) n^2$

注意:背面有試題

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# ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

- 5. Which of the following statements about the hydrogen atom ground state is INCORRECT:
  - (A) It is described by the quantum numbers n = 1; l = 0; m = 0.
  - (B) The electron's angular momentum equals h.
  - (C) The wave function is spherically symmetrical.
  - (D) The wave function decreases exponentially as a function of r.
  - (E) The radial distribution function has its maximum at the Bohr radius.
- 6. In terms of collision theory, the reaction rate constant does NOT depend on which of the following requirements or factors?
  - (A) Steric requirement.
  - (B) Minimum energy requirement.
  - (C) Encounter rate.
  - (D) Reaction Gibbs free energy.
  - (E) none of the above.
- 7. For diatomic molecular partition functions  $q^{T}$ (translation),  $q^{R}$ (rotation),  $q^{V}$ (vibration), and  $q^{e}$ (electronic). Which one is generally less dependent on temperature?
  - $(A) q^T$
  - $(B) q^R$
  - (C) q<sup>V</sup>
  - (D) q<sup>e</sup>
  - (E) all of the above.
- 8. Consider the reaction  $A \xrightarrow{k} P$ . If the reaction is one-half order with respect to [A] and  $[A]_0$  is the initial concentration, the half-life of this reaction depends on
  - (A)  $[A]_0^{1/2}$
  - (B)  $[A]_0^{-1/2}$
  - $(C) [A]_0$
  - (D)  $[A]_0^{3/2}$
  - (E) none of the above.

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# ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

- 9. Consider the thermal decomposition of 1 atm of  $(CH_3)_3COOC(CH_3)_3$  to acetone  $(CH_3)_2CO$  and ethane  $(C_2H_6)$ , which occurs with a rate constant of 0.0019 s<sup>-1</sup>. After initiation of the reaction, at what time would you expect the pressure to be 1.8 atm? ln(0.6) = -0.51 and ln(0.4) = -0.916.
  - (A) 9 s (B) 35 s
  - (C) 269 s (D) 3600 s
  - (E) none of the above.
- 10. The Rice-Herzfeld mechanism for the thermal decomposition of acetaldehyde (CH<sub>3</sub>CO) is

$$CH_3CHO \xrightarrow{k_1} CH_3 \cdot + CHO \cdot$$
 $CH_3 \cdot + CH_3CHO \xrightarrow{k_2} CH_4 + CH_2CHO \cdot$ 
 $CH_2CHO \cdot \xrightarrow{k_3} CO + CH_3 \cdot$ 
 $CH_3 \cdot + CH_3 \cdot \xrightarrow{k_4} C_2H_6$ 

Using the steady-state approximation, determine the order of rate of methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) formation with respect to CH3CHO?

- (A) 1/2
- (B) 0
- (C) 1/2
- (D) 3/2
- (E) none of the above.
- 11. Obtain an expression for  $\kappa_T$  (isothermal compressibility) for a van der Waals gas.  $V_m$  is the molar volume.
  - (A) 0

(B) 
$$\frac{-1}{V_m \left[ \frac{2a}{V_m^3} - \frac{RT}{(V_m - b)^2} \right]}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{1}{\left[\frac{2a}{V_m^3} - \frac{RT}{(V_m - b)^2}\right]}$$

(D) 
$$\frac{-1}{V_m \left[ \frac{2a}{V_m^2} - \frac{RT}{(V_m - b)^3} \right]}$$

(E) none of the above.

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#### ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

12. The normal boiling point of liquid CCl<sub>4</sub> is 350 K at 1 atm and its heat of vaporization is 30.0 kJ/mol. One mole of CCl<sub>4</sub> is subjected to the following  $CCl_4(liquid) \rightarrow CCl_4(gas)$ process:

1 mole

1 mole

350 K & 1 atm

350K & 0.5 atm

Assume CCl<sub>4</sub> (g) is considered as ideal. Determine the change in entropy  $\Delta S$  for the system only for the process shown above.  $R = 0.08206 \text{ L-atm } \text{K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} =$ 8.314 J K<sup>-1</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup> and ln(2)=0.693.

- (A) 91.46 J/mol-K
- (B) 79.93 J/mol-K
- (C) 13.00 J/mol-K
- (D) 213.19 J/mol-K
- (E) none of the above.
- 13. For the N<sub>2</sub> (g)  $\stackrel{\frown}{=}$  2N(g) reaction, the  $\Delta G^o = 911$  kJ and  $K_p = 2 \times 10^{-160}$ . The  $K_p$ of  $O_2(g) = 2O(g)$  reaction shall be:
  - (A) zero
  - (B) smaller than  $2 \times 10^{-160}$
  - (C) larger than  $2 \times 10^{-160}$
  - (D) equal to  $2 \times 10^{-160}$
  - (E) can not be determined.
- 14. Which of the following statements about the molecular modelling and computational methods is FALSE?
  - (A) Energy minimisation is used to find a stable conformation for a molecule.
  - (B) Energy minimisation always finds the most stable conformation for a molecule.
  - (C) Molecular mechanics uses equations obeying the laws of classical physics.
  - (D) Molecular mechanics can not predict the molecular orbital energies for a molecule.
  - (E) none of the above.
- 15. The chemical potential of a system as the pressure increases.
  - (A) Increase (B) Decrease
  - (C) Constant (D) Zero
  - (E) none of the above.

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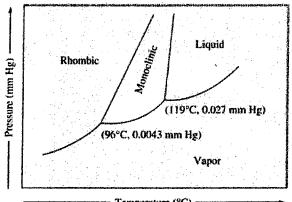
#### ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

- (二). 多選題,ABCDE 每一選項單獨計分,每題 5 分,答錯不倒扣。
- 16. In terms of statistical thermodynamics, which of the following statements is TRUE?
  - (A) At 1 bar and 300 K, 1 mole of cyclopentane has larger entropy than that of 1 mole of 1-pentene.
  - (B) At 1 bar and 300 K, 1 mole of  $N_2(g)$  in a rectangle box has a much larger entropy than that of  $N_2(g)$  in a cubic box.
  - (C) The heat capacity for monoatomic atom F is considerably larger than that for Ne even though they have about same atomic weight.
  - (D)  $Br_2(g)$  has a smaller molar heat capacity than that of  $N_2(g)$ .
  - (E) The heat capacity of liquid water is much larger than that of water vapor.
- 17. For the van der Waals equation:  $(P + \frac{n^2 a}{V^2})(V nb) = nRT$ , which of the following statements is TRUE?
- (A) The term  $\frac{a}{V^2}$  is introduced to correct for the effects of repulsive forces between molecules.
- (B) The term *nb* is introduced to correct for the volume occupied by the molecules themselves.
- (C) Among Ar, CO<sub>2</sub>, and He gases, the CO<sub>2</sub> has the largest "a" value.
- (D) For hard-sphere molecules, the "b" value is  $\approx 8V_{\text{molecule}}N_A$  ( $V_{\text{molecule}}$  is the volume per molecule and  $N_A$  is the Avogadro constant).
- (E). The van der Waals equation is applicable for all real gases at all conditions.

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#### ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

18. Sulfur exists in two solid forms, rhombic (R) and monoclinic (M). Its phase diagram is shown as:



Which of the following statements is TRUE?

- (A) The phase diagram of sulfur has two triplet points.
- (B)  $\frac{\Delta V}{\Delta H}$  is negative for the conversion Rhombic  $\rightarrow$  Monoclinic.
- (C)  $\frac{\Delta V}{\Delta H}$  is zero for the conversion Rhombic  $\rightarrow$  Monoclinic.
- $(D)\mathbf{R}$  form of sulfur has the higher heat of sublimation than  $\mathbf{M}$  form.
- (E) Rhombic and monoclinic forms of sulfur have same heat of sublimation.
- 19. For a given material, its vapour pressure P in atm at absolute temperature T can be expresses as  $\ln P = 2 600/T$  for its solid state and as  $\ln P = 1 360/T$  for its liquid state. Assume the external pressure = 1 atm. Which of the following statements is TRUE?
  - (A) The  $\ln P$  at the triple point is -0.5.
  - (B) The temperature at the triple point is 240 K.
  - (C) The enthalpy of sublimation 4988.4 J/mol.
  - (D) The entropy of sublimation is 16.6 J/K-mol.
  - (E) The normal boiling point is 360 K.

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- 20. Which of the following statements about Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution is TRUE?
  - (A) When the temperature is decreased, the distribution of molecular speeds will become broader and flatter.
  - (B) For an isolated system, the integration of the Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution of speed over the speed range of zero and infinity is temperature dependent.
  - (C) The value of the most probable velocity  $v_x$  is  $(\frac{2kT}{m})^{1/2}$ .
  - (D)  $\langle v_x \rangle^2$  is not equal to  $\langle v_x^2 \rangle$ .
  - (E) Generally, the Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution can be validated by the stopped flow technique.
- 21. The mechanisms of enzyme (E) inhibition are expressed as

$$E + S \xrightarrow{k_a} ES \xrightarrow{k_b} E + P$$

$$EI \longrightarrow E+I \qquad K_{I}=[E][I]/[EI]$$

$$ESI \longrightarrow ES + I \quad K_I = [ES][I]/[ESI]$$

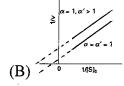
,where I is the inhibitor and S is the substrate. The rate of reaction is

$$v = \frac{v_{\text{max}}}{\alpha + \alpha K_m / [S]_o}$$
.  $K_m = \frac{k_a + k_b}{k_a}$ ,  $\alpha = 1 + \frac{[I]}{K_I}$  and  $\alpha = 1 + \frac{[I]}{K_I}$ . Which of the

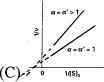
following statements is TRUE?



(A) shows the mode of competitive inhibition.



shows the mode of uncompetitive inhibition.



- shows the mode of mixed/non-competitive inhibition.
- (D) When  $\alpha = \alpha' = 1$ , the result is the same as the Lineweaver-Burke equation.
- (E) The rate of reaction shown above can be validated by stopped flow techniques.

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22. Which of the following thermodynamics equations is TRUE?

(A) 
$$(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P})_T = V - (\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_p$$

(B) 
$$(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T})_P = (\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_P [(\frac{\partial H}{\partial V})_P - 1]$$

(C) 
$$\left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial P}\right)_T = V$$

(D) 
$$(\frac{\partial G}{\partial T})_P = S$$

$$(E)\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T = \frac{n^2 a}{V^2} \text{ for an Van der Waals gas, } (P + \frac{n^2 a}{V^2})(V - nb) = nRT.$$

- 23. Which of the following statements is TRUE?
  - (A) The value of equilibrium constant is dependent on temperature.
  - (B) During a phase transition, the temperature of a substance must be constant.
  - (C)  $\Delta S_{mix} = 0$  after mixing two ideal solutions.
  - (D) Inter-molecular interactions are always negligible (close to zero) in an ideal solution.
  - (E) If a solute partly dimerizes in a solvent, the freezing point depression is less than it would be if the solute does not dimerize.

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### ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

二. 計算題 請詳列計算過程,無計算過程者不予計分。

- 1. (6分)
  - (a) Calculate the value of the commutator,  $\left[\frac{d}{dx}, \frac{d}{dx} + x^2\right]$
  - (b) True/False: If two operators commute with a third, they will commute with each other.
  - (c) Is the operator,  $i^2 \frac{d^2}{dx^2}$  Hermitian?
- 2.  $(10 \, \odot)$  Consider a particle in a two dimensional box of length ½b in the x direction and b in the y direction; i.e. the dimensions are: ½b x b
  - (a) Draw a diagram containing the lowest 6 energy levels\* of a particle in a two dimensional box of dimensions  $\frac{1}{2}b \times b$ . Put the energies in units of  $h^2/8mb^2$ , and give the degeneracy of each level. (\*Note: A doubly degenerate level would count as only 1 of the 6 levels)
  - (b) The 10 electrons in naphthalene can be treated as particles in a two dimensional box of dimensions ½b x b, where b = 8 Å. Use your diagram above to calculate the wavelength, in Å, of the lowest energy  $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$  electronic transition in naphthalene.



3.  $(6\ \hat{\alpha})$  Consider the molecule, ethanedial (right)

The oxygen Hückel parameters are:  $\alpha_0 = \alpha + \beta$  and  $\beta_0 = 0.8\beta$ . Write the Secular Determinant in terms of (i)  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and E, (ii)  $x = \left(\frac{\alpha - E}{\beta}\right)$ 

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## ※選擇題請在答案卡內作答,非選擇題請在答案卷內作答

4.  $(8 \ \%)$  Consider the three CH bending vibrations of (E)-1,2-dichloroethene, which belongs to the  $C_{2h}$  point group.

#### C<sub>2h</sub> Character Table

The vibrations modes (and symmetries) are:

 $v1 \approx 900 \text{ cm-1 (a_u)}$   $v2 \approx 760 \text{ cm-1 (b_g)}$   $v3 \approx 1200 \text{ cm-1 (b_u)}$  Consider the combination mode,  $(0,1,0) \Rightarrow (1,0,2)$  [(v1, v2, v3)]. Determine whether this combination mode is (i) IR active AND/OR (ii) Raman active.