

國立中央大學 109 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別：資工類

共 5 頁 第 1 頁

科目：離散數學與線性代數

本科考試禁用計算器

\*請在答案卷(卡)內作答

一、1~30 題，每一題答對給 1 分、答錯倒扣 1 分。

True or False.

$A, B,$  and  $C$  are matrices,  $r$  is a scalar

1.  $AB = BA.$  (A) True. (B) False.
2.  $AB = AC \Rightarrow B = C.$  (A) True. (B) False.
3.  $AB = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0$  or  $B = 0.$  (A) True. (B) False.
4.  $(AB)^T = A^T B^T.$  (A) True. (B) False.
5.  $(rA)^{-1} = rA^{-1}.$  (A) True. (B) False.
6.  $\det(A+B) = \det A + \det B.$  (A) True. (B) False.
7.  $\det(AB) = \det A \det B.$  (A) True. (B) False.
8.  $\det(AB) = \det(BA).$  (A) True. (B) False.
9.  $\det(rA) = r \det A.$  (A) True. (B) False.
10.  $\det(A^{-1}) = (-1) \det A.$  (A) True. (B) False.

$Ax = b$  is a consistent linear system.

11. If  $b \neq 0$ , the solution set may be a subspace. (A) True. (B) False.
12. If  $b \neq 0$ , the solution set is not a subspace. (A) True. (B) False.
13. If  $b = 0$ , the solution set may be or may not be a subspace. (A) True. (B) False.
14. If  $b = 0$ , the solution set is not a subspace. (A) True. (B) False.
15. If  $b = 0$ , the solution set is exactly a subspace. (A) True. (B) False.

$A$  and  $B$  are two invertible matrices. If  $A$  is similar to  $B$ .

16.  $\det(A) = \det(B).$  (A) True. (B) False.
17.  $A^2$  is similar to  $B^2.$  (A) True. (B) False.
18.  $A^T$  is similar to  $B^T.$  (A) True. (B) False.
19.  $A^{-1}$  is similar to  $B^{-1}.$  (A) True. (B) False.
20.  $AB$  is similar to  $BA.$  (A) True. (B) False.

If  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  is diagonalizable, then

21.  $A$  has  $n$  distinct eigenvalues. (A) True. (B) False.
22.  $A$  has  $n$  linearly independent columns. (A) True. (B) False.
23.  $A^T$  and  $A^{-1}$  are all diagonalizable. (A) True. (B) False.
24.  $A$  has no zero eigenvalues. (A) True. (B) False.
25.  $A$  has  $n$  linearly independent eigenspaces. (A) True. (B) False.

參考用

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Let  $A$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix with orthogonal columns.

If  $W$  is a subset of  $R^n$  and  $W^\perp$  is the orthogonal complement of  $W$ .

26.  $\text{Nul } A$  is the orthogonal complement of  $\text{Row } A$ . (A) True. (B) False.  
 27.  $W^\perp$  is always a subspace. (A) True. (B) False.  
 28.  $(W^\perp)^\perp = W$ . (A) True. (B) False.  
 29. If  $v$  and  $w$  is orthogonal, then  $Av$  and  $Aw$  is orthogonal. (A) True. (B) False.  
 30.  $W \cup W^\perp = R^n$ . (A) True. (B) False.

二、31 ~ 40 題，每一題答對給 2 分、答錯倒扣 2 分。

True or False.

$A$  is a linear-transformation matrix in the standard coordinate system.

If the coordinate system is changed to  $\beta$  coordinate system, to find the transformation matrix (called the  $\beta$ -matrix) relative to  $\beta$  for the transformation  $x \mapsto Ax$ , where  $\beta = \{b_1, b_2, b_3\}$ ,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -48 & -16 \\ 1 & 14 & 6 \\ -3 & -45 & -19 \end{bmatrix}, b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, b_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

31. 0, -1 are in the  $\beta$ -matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 32. 1, -3 are in the  $\beta$ -matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 33. -2, -4 are in the  $\beta$ -matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 34. -6, -7 are in the  $\beta$ -matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 35. 8, -9 are in the  $\beta$ -matrix. (A) True. (B) False.

Find a  $QR$  factorization of matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

36. 1 is not in  $R$  matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 37. 3 is not in  $R$  matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 38. 5 is not in  $R$  matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 39. 7 is not in  $R$  matrix. (A) True. (B) False.  
 40. 9 is not in  $R$  matrix. (A) True. (B) False.

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三、41~50 題，每題 5 分，單選題，答錯不倒扣

41. Four friends have been identified as suspects for an unauthorized access into a computer system. They have made statements to the investigating authorities. 小英 said "神掌 did it." 韓總 said "I did not do it." 神掌 said "柯 P did it." 柯 P said "神掌 lied when he said that I did it." If the authorities also know that exactly one is lying, who did it?

- A. 小英.
- B. 韓總.
- C. 神掌.
- D. 柯 P.
- E. 郭董.

42. Which of the following statement is most inappropriate?

- A. There exists a bijection function from  $N$  to  $Z$ .
- B. There exists a bijection function from  $Z$  to  $Q$ .
- C. There exists a bijection function from  $Q$  to  $R$ .
- D. There exists a bijection function from  $N$  to  $Q$ .
- E. There exists a bijection function from  $Z$  to  $N$ .

43. Which of the following statement is most inappropriate?

- A.  $3^{302} \bmod 5 = 4$ .
- B.  $3^{302} \bmod 7 = 2$ .
- C.  $3^{302} \bmod 11 = 9$ .
- D.  $3^{302} \bmod 385 = 9$ .
- E. None of the above.

44. A binary relation  $R$  on a set of 3 elements is represented by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Which of the following statement is most inappropriate?

A.  $R$  is antisymmetric.

B. The reflexive closure of  $R$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

C. The symmetric closure of  $R$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

D. The transitive closure of  $R$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

E.  $R$  is an equivalent relation.

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45. Two undirected graphs,  $G_1 = (V_1, E_1)$  and  $G_2 = (V_2, E_2)$ , are isomorphic if
- $|V_1| = |V_2|$ .
  - $|E_1| = |E_2|$ .
  - The number of vertices with any given degree is the same in both  $G_1$  and  $G_2$ .
  - For every subgraph of  $G_1$ , there is a subgraph of  $G_2$  that is isomorphic to it.
  - All of the above must hold.

46. Which statement **cannot** be supported by Gödel's incompleteness theorem?
- "Graph isomorphism problem is NP-hard in general".
  - "No single Artificial Intelligent algorithm can solve all humans' problems".
  - "The cloud computing platform is not capable enough to solve all big-data tasks".
  - "There are problems which cannot be calculated by Turing machine".
  - "We cannot expect to construct a large enough Database to support analyzing all aspects of social networks".

47. Which operator or function is associative?
- Set difference ( $-$ ) on sets.
  - Division ( $/$ ) on numbers.
  - Implication ( $\rightarrow$ ) on propositions.
  - Greatest common divisor(GCD) on integers.
  - Cartesian product ( $\times$ ) on sets.

48. We will evaluate the time complexity of a recursive algorithm  $A$  with input of  $n$  items. Algorithm  $A$  works as follow: when input size is  $m$ , the algorithm will first use  $\theta(\sqrt{m})$  steps to prepare and divide the input into 4 roughly equal-size subsets; for each size  $m/4$  subset, recursively call  $A$ ; finally it use  $\theta(\sqrt{m})$  steps to merge all 4 partial results to get the final solution. What is the time complexity for this algorithm?
- a)  $\theta(n)$    b)  $\theta(n \log n)$    c)  $\theta(n^2)$    d)  $\theta(\sqrt{n})$    e)  $\theta(\sqrt{n} \log n)$

49. A restaurant provides different ways to accept reservation of ordered seats. For any individual (1 person), he/she can make reservation by email or through the web page. For any party of 2 persons, they can use phone, email, or web page to reserve. How many different ways for this restaurant to make reservation of  $n$  ordered seats?

- a)  $\frac{5}{12}3^n + \frac{3}{4}(-1)^{n+1}$    b)  $\frac{1}{12}(-3)^n + \frac{9}{4}$    c)  $3^n + (-1)^n$    d)  $\frac{3}{2}2^n + (-1)^n$
- e)  $\frac{3}{4}3^n + \frac{1}{4}(-1)^n$

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50. We define that a person is "happy" if he is liked by at least 3 other people. Suppose in a group of 10 people, everyone likes at least 4 other persons. What following conclusion can be reached?

- a) At least 4 persons are happy.
- b) At most 6 persons are not happy.
- c) It is impossible that no one is happy.
- d) "like" cannot be a symmetric relation.
- e) For each person, the number of persons who like him cannot be all different among 10 people.

參考用