

- As shown in Fig. 1, the shaft has a length L and is formed of two materials, an outer tube of steel (Young's modulus E_s , shear modulus G_s) and an inner bar of brass (Young's modulus E_b , shear modulus G_b). The steel tube has an outer diameter d_1 and inner diameter d_2 , and the brass bar has a diameter d_3 . The shaft is held rigidly at end A and welded to a steel plate at B . (a) If a torque T is applied to the rigid plate, what is the angle of rotation ϕ of the plate? (b) What is the torsional stiffness k of the device? (c) If a load P is applied to the rigid plate, what is the displacement δ of the plate? (25%)
- As shown in Fig. 2, (a) draw the shear and moment diagrams for the T-beam; (b) determine the maximum shear stress at the critical section where the internal shear force is maximum. (25%)
- As shown in Fig. 3, the beam is fixed at end A and supported by vertical rollers at B (the rollers allow vertical deflection but prevent rotation). Two concentrated loads of a magnitude of P are applied at the midsection of the beam and at B , respectively. Determine all the support reactions at ends A and B . The beam has a flexural rigidity of EI . (25%)
- A 50-mm-diameter rod is subjected to the loads shown in Fig. 4. Neglect the weight of the rod. Determine (a) the state of stress at point A ; (b) the principal stresses acting at point A ; (c) the state of stress at point B ; (d) the maximum in-plane shear stress at point B . Please show the results on the corresponding differential elements for the above questions. (25%)

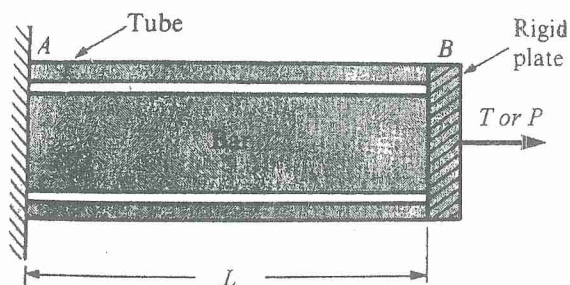


Fig. 1

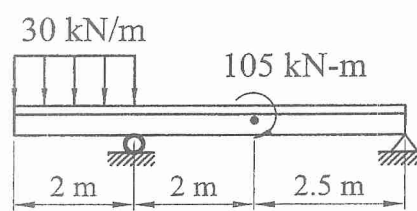
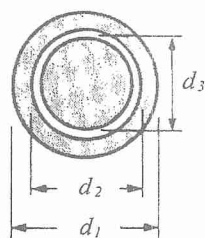


Fig. 2

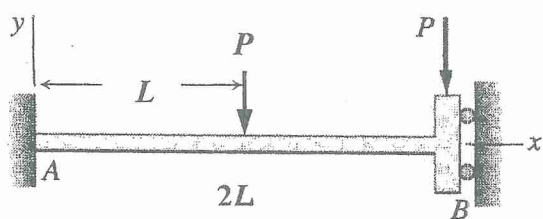
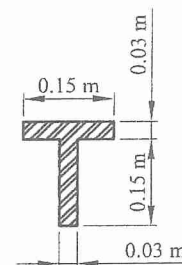


Fig. 3

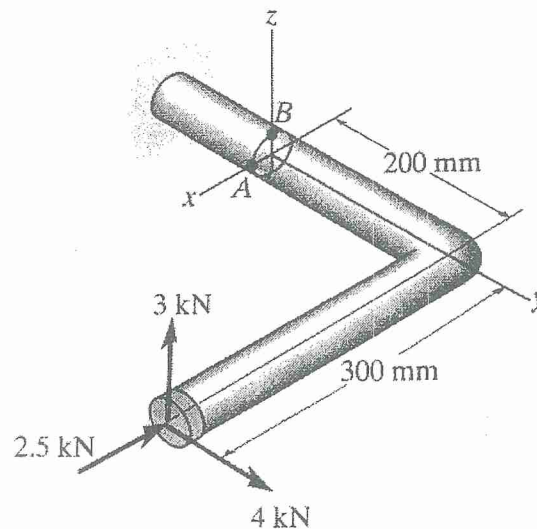


Fig. 4

參考用