

國立中央大學 110 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別： 通訊工程學系碩士班 不分組(一般生)

共 3 頁 第 1 頁

科目： 通訊系統

本科考試禁用計算器

\*請在答案卷(卡)內作答

Answer the following questions (derivation processes are required for numerical results and derived equations):

1. [20%] Figure 1 is a simple model for a communication scenario.  $x(t)$  is the transmitted signal as the input and  $y(t)$  is the received signal as the output.
  - (a) Please briefly describe what the scenario is in communications to have such a model. (5%)
  - (b) Please write the transfer function of the system. (5%)
  - (c) Please write the impulse response of the system. (5%)
  - (d) If  $y(t)$  is further processed to have the output  $z(t)$  for recovering  $x(t)$ , please draw the processing structure. (5%)

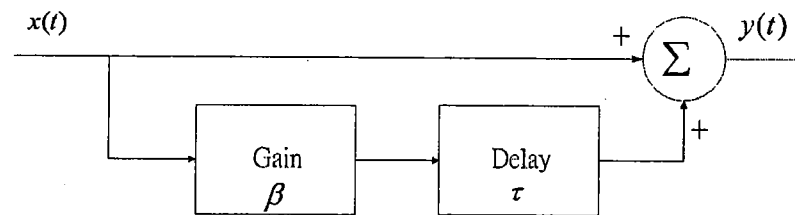


Figure 1.

2. [15%] Consider the system in Figure 2. Assume the average value of  $m(t)$  is zero and that the maximum value of  $|m(t)|$  is  $M$ . Also assume that the square-law device is defined by  $y(t) = 2x(t) + 10x^2(t)$ .
  - (a) Write the expression for  $y(t)$  in terms of  $m(t)$ ,  $\cos(\cdot)$ ,  $\omega_c$ , and  $t$ . (5%)
  - (b) Describe the filter that yields an AM signal for  $g(t)$ . Give the necessary filter type and the frequencies of interest. (5%)
  - (c) What is the value of  $M$  to yield a modulation index of 0.2? (5%)

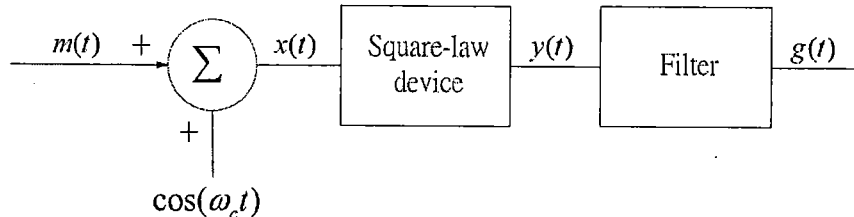


Figure 2.

注意:背面有試題

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3. [15%] For  $M$ -ary PSK, the transmitted signal with equal probability is of the form

$$s_i(t) = A \cos(2\pi f_c t + i2\pi / M), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, M, \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq T_s.$$

- Find a set of basis functions for this signaling scheme. What is the dimension of the signal space? Express  $s_i(t)$  by the form of the data vector, in terms of these basis functions and the mathematical symbols in the above expression. (5%)
- Please sketch the observation space and show the optimal partitioning of the observation space for  $M=4$ . (5%)
- Please sketch a block diagram of the optimal (minimum symbol error probability) receiver for  $M=8$ . (5%)

4. [15%] Define the functions  $\Pi(\cdot)$  and  $\Lambda(\cdot)$  as depicted in Figure 3(a).

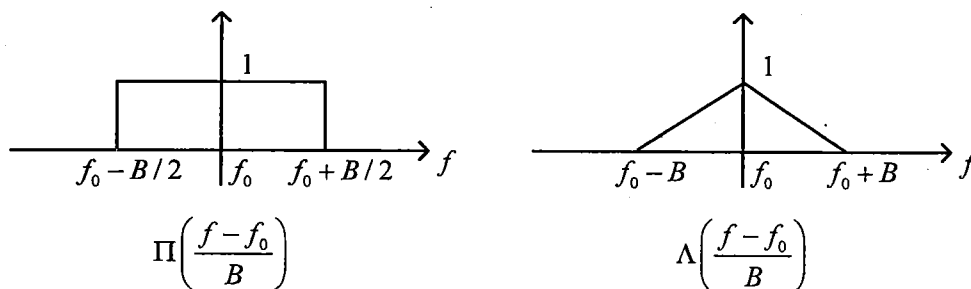


Figure 3(a).

As shown in Figure 3(b), the input signal  $s(t)$  is multiplied by a carrier signal  $2 \cos(2\pi f_0 t)$  and then is passed through a nonlinear system  $y(t) = g(x(t))$  to generate the output signal  $y(t)$ . Suppose that the spectrum of  $s(t)$  is  $\Pi(f/6)$ , the center frequency is  $f_0 = 10$ , and the nonlinear system is defined by  $y(t) = x(t) + 0.3x^2(t)$ .

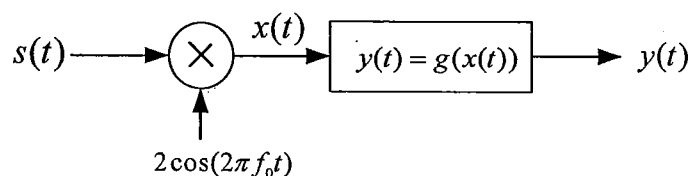


Figure 3(b).

- Write the expression of the spectrum of  $y(t)$  in terms of  $\Pi(\cdot)$  and  $\Lambda(\cdot)$ . (10%)
- Sketch the spectrum of  $y(t)$ , labeling all important frequencies and amplitudes. (5%)

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5. [15%] The received signal of a signal  $s(t)$  transmitting over a multipath channel is expressed as

$$r(t) = s(t - T_1) + 0.2s(t - T_2),$$

where  $T_2 = 3T_1$ . Assume that  $r(t)$  is sampled at the frequency  $f_s = 1/T_1$ .

(a) What is the z-transform expression  $h[z]$  of the impulse response of the multipath channel?

(5%)

(b) By ignoring the propagation delay  $T_1$  at the receiver, draw the structure of a tapped-delay-line equalizer with weighting coefficients not less than  $10^{-3}$  and give the coefficient values in order to accommodate the channel. (10%)

6. [20%] As shown in Figure 4, the transmitted signal has a binary number  $X \in \{+1, -1\}$ . The received signal is added by a random noise  $N$  with the probability density function (PDF) as depicted in the figure. The resultant signal  $Y$  is also binary and obtained with a sign-function as the decision threshold is at  $Z$ , i.e.,  $\{Y | Y = +1 \text{ if } X + N \geq Z \text{ and } Y = -1 \text{ if } X + N < Z\}$ .

(a) If the binary number of  $X$  is transmitted with equal probability  $P(+1) = P(-1) = 0.5$ , what is the error probability for detecting  $X$  from  $Y$  when  $Z = 0$ ? (5%)

(b) If the binary number of  $X$  is transmitted with unequal probabilities  $P(+1) = 0.6$  and  $P(-1) = 0.4$ . Find the optimum decision threshold  $Z$  such that the error probability for detecting  $X$  from  $Y$  is minimum? What is the minimum detection error probability? (10%)

(c) Whether the case in (b) has smaller error probability than that in (a)? Do you think it could be a good communication policy to send the binary number with unequal probabilities based on minimum transmission error probability? Explain your reason. (5%)

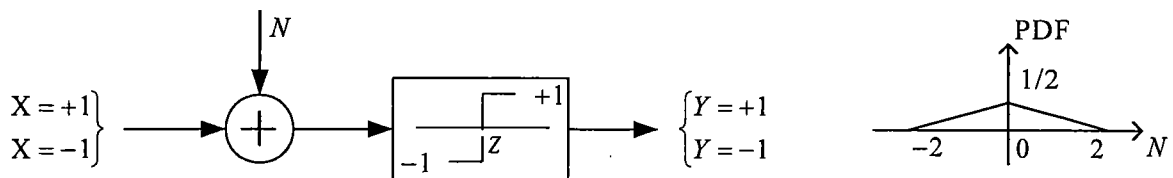


Figure 4.