科目 計算機概論

類組別 A4 701

共4頁第1頁 *請在試卷、答案卡內作答

1. Which of the following is a black-box testing approach?

A. Basis path testing

B. Condition testing

C. Data flow testing

D. Random testing

E. All of the above

(智為學選題)

每題 4分

2. A 2D array X[1...10][1...100] is declared in a program. The address of X[1][1] is 1200, and the size of each element of the array is 4. What address of X[3][2] is if the memory system uses row-major storage?

A. 1232

B. 1264

C: 1328

D. 2408

E. None of the above

- 3. In the theory of computation, the halting problem states that,
 - A. All problems can be solved by one of the Turing machines.
 - B. can we write a program that tests whether or not any program, represented by its Gödel number, will terminate?
 - C. if an algorithm exists to do a symbol manipulation task, then a Turing machine exists to do a task.
 - D. the solvable problems can themselves be divided into two categories: polynomial and non-polynomial problems
 - E. None of the above
- 4. Consider the C program on the right side. What will be printed on the standard output after the program finishes?
 - A. 2, 2
 - B. 2, 1
 - C. 1, 2
 - D. 1, 1
 - E. None of the above

- struct point { int x; int y;}; int main() { struct point p, q; struct point *r; r = &q;q.x = p.y = 1;q.y = p.x = 2;r->x=2;printf("%d, %d", q.x, q.y); return 0;
- 5. What is the top element of Stack S after execution of the pseudocode program on the right side?

 - B. 3
 - C. 2
 - D. 1
 - None of the above

```
Stack(S); // create a stack S
Queue(Q); // create a queue Q
Push (S,1); Push (S,2);
Push (S,3); Push (S,4);
Enqueue(Q,5); Enqueue(Q,6);
For (i=1 to 4) {
  x=Pop(S);
  Enqueue(Q,x);
For (i=1 to 6) {
  x=Dequeue (Q);
  Push(S,x);
```

Assume (假設) a computer system uses 7 bits to store a signed integer in two's complement format.

Then $(0010010)_2 - (0111010)_2 = ?$

- A. (1011000)₂
- B. (1001100)₂
- C. (1110101)₂

- D. Overflow
- E. None of the above

背面有試題

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			*請在試卷、	
				and the dot in the
		tographic Experts Group) image fo	rmat?	
A. the indexed color schen		nage encoding method		
C. the true-color scheme	D. a combin	ation of geometrical shapes		
E. None of the above				
				ARX vete - A
8. Assume a computer uses p	ipelining of 9 stages. Eac	h stage demands 3 clock cycles to f	inish	MAN
its task. How many clock of	cycles are need to execute	e 11 independent (不相關的) instruc	ctions?	
A. 33 B. 297	C. 57 D	E. None of the above		
		10 may 2 may 2	<u> </u>	la made of al
		#include <iostream></iostream>	int main () {	Programme A
9. Consider the C++ program	on the right side.	class A { public:	A a; B b;)* L
What result will be shown o	n the standard output?	virtual void f() {std::cout << "a";}	A* aptr=&b E (*aptr).f(); (*b	
A. abab B. bbab		} ;	aptr->f(); bpt	
C. bbbb D. abbb		class B: public A {	return 0;	
E. The program cannot co	ompile	public:	}	
1 0		void f() {std::cout << "b";}	# 3 THE PLANTING STREET OF GRADE	
Which of the following is a A. choice 3 or choice 2 D. choice 2		1 or choice 2 C.	choice 3	条
11. Which of the following is	not a sentence in a propo	ositional logic?		
A. He is a teacher	B. Where is Harry	C. Today is raining		老
D. False	• ;	al then Harry is a mammal		13
				H
12. LISP and Scheme are				1771
A. procedural languages	B. imperative language	ges C. object-oriented language	es	
D. functional languages	E. declarative language	ges		
13. Which of the following is		mming?		
A. a time-sharing operating		oatch operating system		
C. an object-oriented open		virtual memory system		
E. a database managemen	t system			
14. How many bits are used i	n on IDv/4 addmass2			
A. 4 B. 8		E 40		
А. 4 В. 6	C. 16 D. 32	E. 48		
15. Denial of service (DoS) is	s a type of attack that the	eatens		
A. integrity	B. availability	C. confidentiality		
D. compatibility	E. modularity	C. Confidentiality		
	D. modulatity	[
		冯	E.背而有	計題

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共4頁第3頁 *請在試卷、答案卡內作答

- 16. Which of the following is not true about searching algorithms and their efficiency?
 - A. The major difference between various searching algorithms is the amount of effort they require to complete the search.
 - B. Big O notation is one way to describe how likely it is that a searching algorithm will find its target.
 - C. The effort required to perform a search or a sort is particularly dependent on the number of data elements.
 - D.A more efficient searching algorithm is usually more complex and difficult to implement.
- 17. The choice of which sorting algorithm to use does not affect:
 - A. How thoroughly sorted the vector will be.
 - B. The time it takes for the sorting operation to complete.
 - C. The amount of memory used by the program.
 - D. All of the above will be affected by the choice of sorting algorithm.
- 18. A queue performs the following commands (in pseudo-code):

enqueue 4, 6, 8, 3, 1

dequeue three elements

enqueue 3, 1, 5, 6

dequeue two elements

What number is now at the front of the queue?

- A. 3.
- B. 4.
- C. 5.
- D. 6.
- 19. Select the false statement regarding inheritance.
 - A. A derived class can contain more attributes and behaviors than its base class.
 - B. A derived class can be the base class for other derived classes.
 - C. Some derived classes can have multiple base classes.
 - D.Base classes are usually more specific than derived classes.
- 20. protected base class members cannot be accessed by:
 - A. Functions that are neither friends of the base class, derived-class member functions nor friends of a derived class.
 - B. friends of the base class.
 - C. Functions that are not derived-class member functions.
 - D. friends of derived classes.
- 21. Employee is a base class and HourlyWorker is a derived class, with a redefined non-virtual print function. Given the following statements, will the output of the two print function calls be identical?

HourlyWorker h;

Employee *ePtr = &h;

ePtr->print();

ePtr->Employee::print();

- A. Yes.
- B. Yes, if print is a static function.
- C. No.
- D. It would depend on the implementation of the print function.

多考用

注:背面有試題

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- 22. Which of the following assignments would be a compilation error?
 - A. Assigning the address of a base-class object to a base-class pointer.
 - B. Assigning the address of a base-class object to a derived-class pointer.
 - C. Assigning the address of a derived-class object to a base-class pointer.
 - D. Assigning the address of a derived-class object to a derived-class pointer.
- 23. Assuming that t is an array and tPtr is a pointer to that array, which expression refers to the address of element 3 of the array

```
A. *(tPtr + 3).
```

- B. tPtr[3].
- C. &t[3].
- D. *(t+3).
- 24. Which of the following does not declare a 2-by-2 array and set all four of its elements to 0?
 - A. int b [2][2];

```
b[0][0] = b[0][1] = b[1][0] = b[1][1] = 0;
```

- B. int b[2][2] = $\{0\}$;.
- C. int b[2][2];

```
for ( int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
for ( int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
```

b[i][j] = 0;

- D. All of the above initialize all four of the array elements to 0.
- 25. A stack is initially empty, then the following commands are performed:

push 5

push 7

pop

push 10

push 5

pop

Which of the following is the correct stack after those commands (assume the top of the stack is on the left)?

- A. 5 10 7 5.
- B. 510.
- C. 75.
- D. 105.

參考用

注:背面有試題