

所別：電機工程學系碩士班 固態組(一般生) 科目：電子學 共 2 頁 第 1 頁
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本科考試禁用計算器

*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

參考用

1. 計算題 (10 分)

Fig. P1 shows a signal source V_s connected to the input of an amplifier. Here R_s is the signal source resistance, R_i and C_i are the input resistance and input capacitance of the amplifier, respectively.

1-1 (5 分) Using R_s , R_i and C_i derive an expression for $V_o(s)/V_s(s)$.

1-2 (5 分) Find the 3-dB frequency for the case $R_s = 24 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_i = 120 \text{ k}\Omega$, and $C_i = 5 \text{ pF}$.

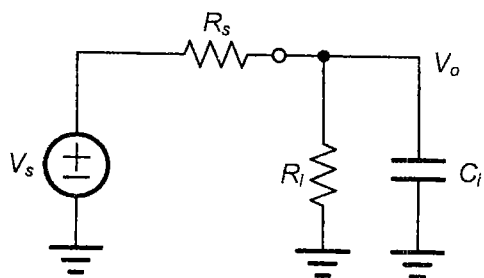


Fig. P1

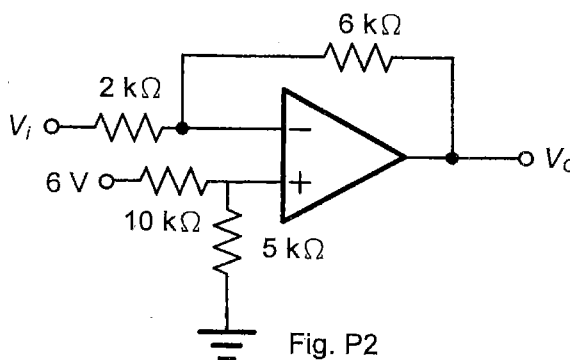


Fig. P2

2. 計算題 (10 分)

Assuming ideal op amplifier as shown in Fig. P2,

2-1 (5 分) Find the expression for the output voltage V_o as function of V_i , i.e., $V_o = f(V_i)$.

2-2 (5 分) Find the Input resistance of the circuit.

3. 計算題 (15 分; 每子題 3 分)

The node voltage data in the following table apply to an NMOS transistor with a threshold voltage $V_{tn} = 0.4 \text{ V}$. V_G is the gate voltage, and V_{SD} in the blank is the source voltage or drain voltage. Neglect the body effect, determine the cases (a) ~ (e) are operated in the saturation region, triode region or cutoff region.

	V_{SD}	V_G	V_{SD}
(a)	0.4	2.2	1.5
(b)	2.4	2.6	1.8
(c)	-0.4	-1.2	-2.5
(d)	3.9	4.2	4.5
(e)	3.4	1.2	0.5

4. 計算題(15 分; 每子題 5 分)

Fig. P4 shows a particular configuration of MOS amplifiers, known as "source follower." The body voltage of the MOS M_1 and M_2 , $V_{b1} = V_{b2} = 0 \text{ V}$ are not shown in the figure.

4-1 Consider the body effect, replace the MOS transistors M_1 and M_2 with their small signal model g_m , g_{mb} and r_o .

4-2 Find the output resistance r_o .

4-3 Find the voltage gain v_{out}/v_{in} .

5. 計算題(15 分; 每子題 5 分)

Fig. P5 shows a Darlington voltage follower which is operated with $I_{E2} = 5 \text{ mA}$, $R_E = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{sig} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, and $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 100$.

5-1 Find the input resistance R_{in} .

5-2 Find the output resistance R_{out} .

5-3 Find the voltage gain v_o/v_{sig} .

注意:背面有試題

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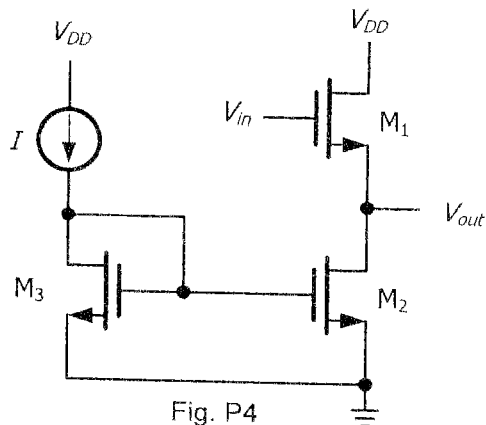


Fig. P4

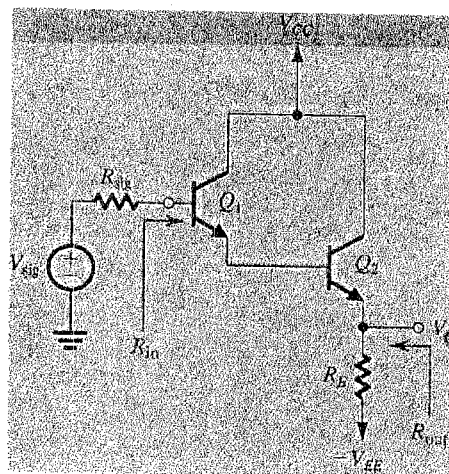


Fig. P5

6. 選擇題與計算題(15分)

Fig. P6 shows a feedback circuit, which consists of a common gate amplifier formed by Q_1 and R_D . The capacitive divider C_1 , C_2 senses the output voltage, applying the result to the gate of common source transistor Q_f . The bias circuit for Q_f is not shown. The design parameters are illustrated as follows, $g_{m1} = 5 \text{ mA/V}$, $g_{mf} = 1 \text{ mA/V}$, $R_D = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_1 = 0.9 \text{ pF}$, and $C_2 = 0.1 \text{ pF}$. Assume that C_1 and C_2 are sufficiently small that their loading effect on the basic amplifier can be neglected. Also neglect output resistance r_o and body effect.

6-1 (5分) Identify the feedback topology to be used. (A) shunt-series, (B) series-series, (C) shunt-shunt, (D) series-shunt.

6-2 (10分) Set $I_s = 0$ and find the loop gain by breaking the loop at the gate termination of transistor Q_f .

7. 計算題(15分; 每子題5分)

Fig. P7 shows a cascade connection of a low pass filter and a high pass filter using an ideal unity-gain buffer amplifier. This circuit gives a band pass filter response. The transfer function of the band pass filter can be written as below, where a_1 , ω_0 , and Q are the center frequency gain, center frequency and quality factor, respectively. Please derive a_1 , ω_0 , and Q in terms of R , C , and k .

$$T(s) = \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{a_1 s}{s^2 + \left(\frac{\omega_0}{Q}\right)s + \omega_0^2}$$

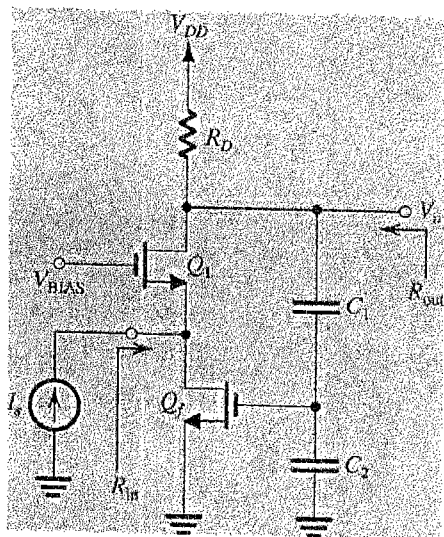


Fig. P6

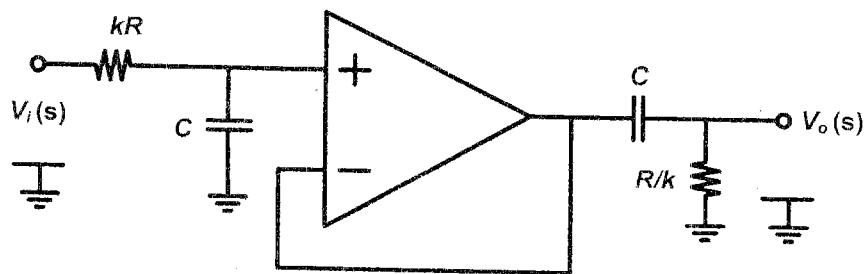


Fig. P7

8. 計算題(5分)

Sketch a CMOS logic-gate circuit realization for the function $Y = \overline{A + B(C + D)}$.

注意：背面有試題