

# 國立中央大學九十一年度碩士班研究生入學試題卷

所別: 機械工程學系 甲組 科目: 材料力學 共 2 頁 第 1 頁

- The assembly shown in Fig. 1 consists of a steel rod  $A$  (modulus of elasticity  $E_A = 210$  GPa, elastic strength  $S_A = 430$  MPa, cross sectional area  $A_A = 1600$  mm<sup>2</sup>, and thermal expansion coefficient  $\alpha_A = 12 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$ ), a rigid bearing plate  $C$  that is securely fastened to bar  $A$ , and a bronze bar  $B$  ( $E_B = 100$  GPa,  $S_B = 140$  MPa,  $A_B = 2500$  mm<sup>2</sup>, and  $\alpha_B = 17 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$ ). A clearance of 0.4 mm exists between the bearing plate  $C$  and bar  $B$  before the assembly is loaded. A load  $P$  is applied to the bearing plate and then the temperature of the assembly is slowly raised from 25°C to 50°C. Determine
  - The maximum value of  $P$  that can be applied to the assembly without causing any plastic deformation during loading and heating. (20%)
  - The corresponding displacement of plate  $C$ . (5%)
- A solid bar of circular cross section is subjected to an axial tensile force  $T = 26$  kN and a bending moment  $M = 3$  kN-m (see Fig. 2). Based upon an allowable stress in tension of 120 MPa, what is the required diameter  $d$  of the bar? (25%)
- A beam is loaded and supported as shown in Fig. 3. Determine
  - The deflection midway between the supports. (13%)
  - The maximum deflection in the interval between the supports. (12%)

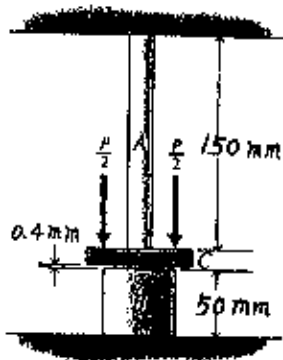


Fig. 1

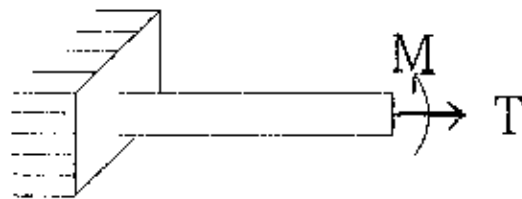


Fig. 2



Fig. 3

注意：背面有試題

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4. A friction wheel mechanism will transmit power from motor to working machine as shown in Fig. 4a. The applied normal force  $F$  is 1000 N and the caused torque  $T$  without slipping on the output shaft is equal to 60 N-m (on machine side). The point  $A$  (see Fig. 4b) on the surface of the output shaft is the weakest place.

(a) The bending tensile stress  $\sigma_b$  and torsional shear stress  $\tau_t$  at the point  $A$  can be expressed with the shaft diameter  $d$  [mm] at point  $A$ :

$$\sigma_b = C_b \cdot \frac{32}{\pi \cdot d^3} \text{ N/mm}^2,$$

$$\tau_t = C_t \cdot \frac{32}{\pi \cdot d^3} \text{ N/mm}^2.$$

Please calculate the factor  $C_b$  and  $C_t$ . (7%)

(b) If the value of the shaft diameter  $d$  satisfies the relation  $\pi d^3/32 = 2000 \text{ mm}^3$ , please use the stresses  $\sigma_b$  and  $\tau_t$  calculated above to construct complete Mohr's Circle with necessary notation. (10%)

(c) Please determine also the principal stresses  $\sigma_1, \sigma_2$ , the maximum shear stress  $\tau_{\max}$  and the angle of inclination of principal plane  $\varphi_\sigma$  with aid of this Mohr's circle. The angle  $\varphi_\sigma$  is measured from the positive  $z$ -axis of the original stress element to the maximum principal stress  $\sigma_1$ . (8%)

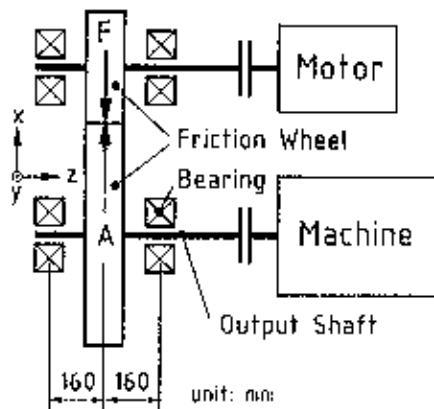


Fig. 4a

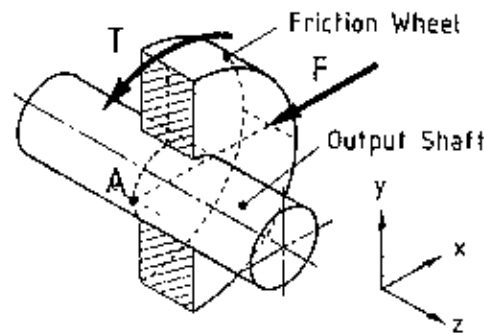


Fig. 4b

參考用