#### 所別:工業管理研究所碩士班 甲組 科目:管理學

請注意!回答時請清楚標明題號,並以大寫 A, B, C, D 回答,否則以零分計算!

#### 共四十題選擇題,每題 2.5 分

1.	<ul> <li>All of the following statements are true concerning types of organizational cultures except:</li> <li>A. in a culturally homogeneous organization, no single type of culture will predominant.</li> <li>B. there are four pure types of organizational culture.</li> <li>C. a market culture has a stable control orientation.</li> <li>D. all of the above</li> </ul>	
2.	A(n) team usually consists of employees from different areas of a department who consider how something can be done better.  A. cross-functional  B. eclectic  C. employee participation  D. problem-solving	
3.	A team brought together as a task force to look at a specific problem  A. disbands when its assignment is complete B. endures as long as the organization maintains its basic structure C. includes a manager and subordinates D. is essential for accomplishing the core work of the organization	
4.	All of the following are typical effectiveness criteria for teams except  A. speed B. creativity C. discipline D. accuracy	
5.	Procter & Gamble has a policy that most messages are to be limited to a page or less. They feel that loose logic may be camouflaged in a ten-page or longer proposal while key assumptions get lost. This policy is consistent with as a means to overcoming barriers to communication.  A. regulating the flow of information  B. encouraging feedback  C. simplifying the language used in the message  D. restraining negative emotions	
6.	A leader is a person who has the ability to influence others because of his or her inspirational qualities.  A. transformational  B. charismatic  C. divine  D. inspirational	1

- 7. Which approach to motivating employees concentrates on key characteristics of the tasks of the position? A. managerial approach B. individual design C. job characteristics D. organizational design 8. What company was required to pay nearly \$140 million to current and former employee for racial discrimination? A. Exxon B. Chevron C. Texaco D. Denny's Restaurant 9. All of the following correctly describe the common framework for radical organizational change except A. the framework was developed by social scientist Kurt Lewin B. the model divides the change process into four stages C. stage 1 is referred to as "unfreezing" D. the change is solidified in the "refreezing" stage 10. There are two fundamental concepts around which all organizations are organized: A. labor and technology B. authority and delegation C. differentiation and integration D. hierarchy and span of control 11. Waste Management tracked data on customer complaints and truck driver accidents as input for A. corrective controls B. preventive controls C. individual controls D. cost-benefit controls
- 12. Which of the following is not one of the uses for the seven planning and decision aids suggested in the text?
  - A. These aids are useful at various levels in the organization.
  - B. These aids are useful in virtually all functional areas.
  - C. These aids can assist in the analysis essential to planning and decision making associated with many types of organizational issues and problems.
  - D. These aids are considered general planning and decision aids.
- 13. The conditions under which decision are made can be broadly classified as \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. certainty and risk
  - B. certainty, risk, and uncertainty

注:背面有試題

#### 國立中央大學96學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷 共 之 頁 第 2 頁

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C. uncertainty and risk	C. CEO
D. certainty and uncertainty	D. functional officer
14. Which of the following questions is not often	
answered in a mission statement?	22. In what specific sequence do managers perform their
A. What business are we in?	managerial functions in order to achieve company
	goals?
B. Who are we?	A. planning, organizing, leading, controlling
C. What are we about?	B. organizing, leading, controlling, planning
D. How will we achieve our goals?	C. leading, controlling, planning, organizing
	D. None of the above because the functions are often
15. A set of values and rules that define right and wrong	performed simultaneously,
conduct is known as	performed simultaneously,
A. social mobility	22 All -Cal. C 11
B. ethics	23. All of the following are reasons managers plan except:
C. natural duty	A. establishing an overall direction for the
D. traditional responsibility	organization's future.
2. Traditional responsibility	B. identifying and committing the organization's
16 A(n)	resources to achieving its goals.
16. A(n) is someone who manages resources	C. coordinating human, material, and information
in order to create something new—a new business, a	resources.
new product or service, or even a new market.	D. deciding which tasks must be done to reach those
A. stakeholder	goals.
B. financial speculator	Source.
C. venture capitalist	24 Which of the fallanting
D. entrepreneur	24. Which of the following is essential in order to work
	with people from other backgrounds?
17. Domestic instability and corruption are components of	A. appropriate language
and corruption are components of	B. negotiation skills
A. economic risk	C. social etiquette
B. political risk	D. openness and sensitivity
C foreign file	
C. foreign conflict	25. Billy Durant has been assigned to a potentially large
D. political climate	volume seasonal rental customer who brings a crew
10 370 1 0 1 0 1	from Mexico every year. The reason previous
18. Which of the following is least important to new	salesmen have failed to get the order is most likely
workers entering the job market?	related to
A. flexibility in terms of employment	A. integrity and ethical conduct
B. making a meaningful contribution to society	B. understanding the industry
C. ability to earn a good living	C. lack of strategic planning
D. being appreciated and supported by management	D. cultural lines 1.1. a
rp by management	D. cultural knowledge & understanding
19. The person most closely associated with bureaucratic	26
management is	26 has created a new group of
A. Adam Smith	rapid-growth countries in Central and Eastern Europe.
B. Frederick Taylor	A. The establishment of the European Union
C. Max Weber	B. The establishment of a common European
D. Henry Gilbreth	currency, the Euro,
D. Helli y Giloreth	C. The North American Free Trade Agreement
20 Which 6 d 6 th	(NAFTA)
20. Which of the following is not considered a key	D. The collapse of Communism in 1989
managerial competency?	
A. communication	27. The European Union has increased market
B. teamwork and strategic action	21. The European Union has increased market
C. entrepreurship	opportunities and fostered competition for companies
D. global awareness and self-management	outside of Europe. For example,,
	which had no previous global experience, began
21. A is a person who plans, organizes,	operating in Europe.
directs, and controls the allocation of human, material,	A. Ford
financial, and information resources in pursuit of the	B., NBC
organization's goals.	C. IBM
A. organization	D. UPS
B. manager	

注:背面有試題

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# 國立中央大學96學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷 共\_ラ\_頁 第\_ラ\_頁

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28. Sheila Dinkler has convinced the management of Joske Products to adjust their product line and their business practices to meet the needs of the countries that purchase their products. Sheila is asking her organization to adopt a(n) strategy.  A. multinational  B. multidomestic  C. exporting  D. international	B. noticing C. communication D. teamwork  35. When a few incidents or cases are viewed a representative of a larger population, even when the aren't, the law of bias exists. A. population concentration B. large numbers C. incidents
<ul> <li>29. The likelihood that a specific outcome will occur, based on hard facts and numbers, is known as probability.</li> <li>A. rational</li> <li>B. subjective</li> </ul>	C. incidents D. small numbers  36. A(n) decision-making process is mos likely to occur when decisions involve powerfu
C. predicted D. objective	stakeholders, disagreement over goals, and the lack of search for alternative solutions.  A. rational
30. Uncertainty suggests that the problem and the alternative solutions are both and	<ul><li>B. political</li><li>C. irrational</li><li>D. adaptive</li></ul>
<ul> <li>A. ambiguous; highly unusual</li> <li>B. risky; opportunities</li> <li>C. problems; opportunities</li> <li>D. strengths; weaknesses</li> </ul>	37. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 emphasizes the prohibition of discrimination in all aspects of employment except for  A. age and disability status  B. religion and race
31. The types of available to managers in trying to solve problems range from the known and well defined to the untried and ambiguous.	C. color and ethnicity D. sex and race
<ul><li>A. information</li><li>B. solutions</li><li>C. routines</li><li>D. human resources</li></ul>	<ul> <li>38. A basic lesson that has been learned from research on performance appraisal accuracy is that</li> <li>A. workers are essentially lazy</li> <li>B. performance evaluation is not as important as</li> </ul>
32. Christina Culbert is a judge. Her decision on the Hanover case represents a sharp break with past decisions and she has been very careful to define the	many people believe C. performance is very difficult to assess D. money is the only real motivator
problem in the case and review prior court decisions.  In this example, Culbert makes a(n)  decision.  A. risky  B. innovative  C. judgmental	<ul> <li>39. When compensation is linked to the level of performance exhibited by employees, it is referred to as</li> <li>A. monetary compensation</li> <li>B. direct compensation</li> <li>C. incentive pay</li> </ul>
D. adaptive  33. When making decisions under near	<ul><li>D. in-kind pay</li><li>40. Many companies offer benefits voluntarily, with no</li></ul>
certain conditions, individuals don't need to follow all of the phases in the rational decision making model.  A. continuous  B. routine  C. core	legal requirement specifying the types and amounts of benefits offered. All of the following are benefits some companies offer voluntarily to their employees except  A. health insurance
D. adaptive  34. Phase 1 in the rational decision-making model includes the skill of, which involves identifying and monitoring numerous external and internal environmental factors and deciding which	<ul><li>B. paid vacation</li><li>C. disability insurance</li><li>D. workers' compensation</li></ul>
ones are contributing to the problem.  A. interpreting	