

系所別:

物理學系

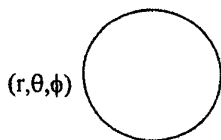
科目:

古典物理

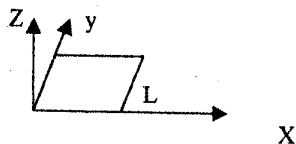
You must show derivations. Without derivation, there is no point given for whatever answer you provide. 必須清楚說明寫出演算過程，只寫答案不論正確予否是不給分的!

1. A particle of mass  $m$  is constraint to move on a spherical surface of radius  $R$  (Fig. 1) in a potential  $(1/2) kr^2$ : (1) Derive the Langrangian function  $L$  in terms of  $(\theta, \phi)$  (b) Find the conjugate momentum for these coordinates (c) derive the Hamiltonian of the system in terms of momenta defined as above (d) derive the equations of motion in  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ . 20%
2. In Fig. 2 below
  - (a) Find the moment of inertia of a square plate of dimension  $L$  and mass  $M$  about x-axis.
  - (b) Find the angular momentum and kinetic energy about the center of mass when it is rotation with angular speed  $\omega$  along the z axis.
  - (c) Find the moment of inertia for (b) (15%)
3. Derive the boundary conditions of EM field vectors across two media (Fig. 3) where no free charge exists: (a) show the normal component of  $\mathbf{D}$  is continuous and the tangential component of  $\mathbf{E}$  is continuous. (b) Derive similar boundary conditions for  $\mathbf{B}$  and  $\mathbf{H}$ . (20%)
4. Show that (a) for a current source  $\mathbf{j}$  the vector potential  $\mathbf{A}$  is:  $\nabla^2 \mathbf{A} = -\mathbf{j}/\epsilon_0 c^2$  where  $c$  is the speed of light. (b) derive the vector potential  $\mathbf{A}$  for a long wire of diameter  $a$  carrying current  $I$  (c) and calculate the magnetic field strength  $\mathbf{B}$  from  $\mathbf{A}$  for the problem (b) (15%)
5. Derive for an ideal gas the heat capacity  $C_v$  and  $C_p$  and show that the entropy of  $n$  mole of an ideal gas is  $S = nR \ln[(T/T_0)^{3/2} (V/V_0)] + S_0$  where  $S = S_0$  when  $T = T_0$  and  $V = V_0$ . (15%)
6. (a) Define the Carnot cycle for a thermal engine running on a perfect gas and (b) calculate the heat and work done on each step of the cycle. 15%

1.



2.



3.

