國立中央大學104學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別:<u>太空科學研究所碩士班 不分組(一般生)</u> 科目:<u>應用數學 共 頁 第 页</u>页 太空科學研究所碩士班 不分組(在職生)

本科考試禁用計算器

*請在答案卷(卡)內作答

請注意:作答時,請寫出推導計算步驟或用文字說明如何獲得答案。如果只列出最後答案,卻沒有推導計算步驟或文字說明,該題將不予計分。

(1, 20%) Solve the initial value problem and show the details of your work.

(a)
$$y' = \frac{\tan y}{x - 1}$$
, $y(0) = \frac{\pi}{2}$ (10%),

(b)
$$y'' - 2y' = 6e^{2x} - 4e^{-2x}$$
, $y(0) = -1$, $y'(0) = 6$ (10%).

(2, 20%) Determine the type of stability of the critical point (5%). Then find a real general solution (10%) and sketch or graph some of the trajectories in the phase plane (5%).

$$y_1' = -y_1 + 4y_2$$
$$y_2' = 3y_1 - 2y_2$$

(3, 10%) Verify if the Bessel function of the first kind of order n, $J_n(x)$, and $J_{-n}(x)$ are linearly dependent or independent (5%)? What is a general solution of Bessel's equation for all values of n (5%)? It is noted that n is an integer number, $J_n(x) = \lim_{n \to \infty} J_{\nu}(x)$, and

$$J_{\nu}(x) = x^{\nu} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m x^{2m}}{2^{2m+\nu} m! \Gamma(\nu+m+1)}.$$

(4, 10%) Show the solution of the initial value problem by the Laplace transform.

$$y'' + 16y = 4\delta(t - 3\pi), y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0.$$

(5, 20%) Given matrix
$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and column vector $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Let $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{M}^{101} \mathbf{v}$.

Determine the column vector **u**.

(6, 10%) Suppose that f(x) and g(x) are piecewise continuous, bounded, and absolutely integrable on the x-axis. Then

$$\mathcal{F}\left\{f(x) * g(x)\right\} = \sqrt{2\pi} \mathcal{F}\left\{f(x)\right\} \mathcal{F}\left\{g(x)\right\}.$$

It is noted $\mathcal{F}\{\ \}$ is Fourier transform and * means convolution.

(7, 10%) Is the given series, $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(3i)^n n!}{n^n}$, convergent or divergent (5%)? Give a reason and show details (5%).

