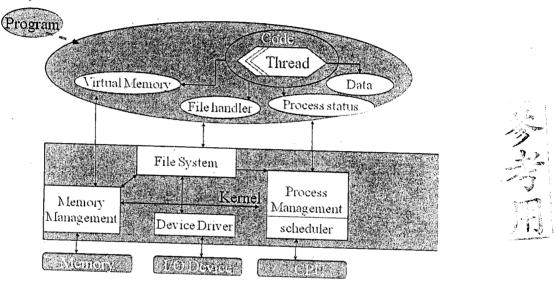
## 國立中央大學100學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷

所別:<u>網路學習科技研究所碩士班 不分組(一般生)</u> 科目:<u>作業系統</u> 共\_\_\_\_\_頁 第\_\_\_\_\_頁 本科考試禁用計算器 \*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

1. Please describe the following diagram from the "Program" block when it was executed. (20%)



2. Redundant Array of Independent Disks(RAID) can provide disk spanning by interleaving all connected drives into one single volume. And it can increases disk access speed by breaking data into several blocks when **reading** or **writing** to several drives in parallel and provides **fault-tolerance** by mirroring or parity-checking operations. Please accomplish filling the blanks of the tables below: (20%)

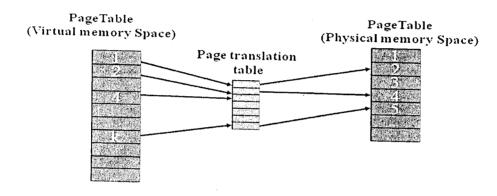
RAID	Description	Available	· · · · · ·		т
Level	, and the same of	1		Access	Access
		Capacity	Reliability	Performance-	Performance
NRAID	NY - D 1 - T			Sequential	-Random
NKAID	Non-RAID	Total		Drive	Drive
RAID 0	Disk Striping	Total			
	1 0	10141			Read: High
RAID1	Mirroring Plus	500/			Write: Highest
		50%		Read: Highest	Read: Medium
DATDO	Striping (if N>1)				Write: Low
RAID3	Striping with parity	N-1		Read: Highest	
	on dedicated disk			Write: Medium	
RAID5	·		Highest	ware. Wedium	

注:背面有試題

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所別:網路學習科技研究所碩士班 不分組(一般生) 科目:作業系統 共 頁 第 2 頁 本科考試禁用計算器 \*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

- 3. What are light-weight process (LWP) and heavy-weight process, please explain the two terms (10%)? What are the differences or similarity between LWP and threads (10%)?
- 4. Please explain the following paging system (10%)



- 5. Please describe the following terminologies in details: (30%)
- 甲、 Shortest Remaining Time First (6%)
- Z Working Set of Locality (for resources allocation) (6%)
- 丙、 IP Version 6(6%)
- T 802.11 Ad hoc & infrastructure (6%)
- 戊、 Dead lock of scheduling(6%)



注:背面有試題