國立中央大學101學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷

所別:機械工程學系碩士班 丁組(系統)(一般生)

科目:工程數學(含程式設計) 共 2 頁 第 1 頁

機械工程學系光機電工程碩士班 甲組(機電系統控制)(一般生) 科目:工程數學及程式設計

本科考試可使用計算器,廠牌、功能不拘

*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

Vector analysis and linear algebra

- 1. Given a scalar function $f(x, y) = x^2 + y$,
 - (a) Find the direction along which the directional derivative of f at (2, 1) is a maximum. (5%)
 - (b) Find the directional derivatives of f at (2, 1) in the direction parallel to the tangent vector of the curve $x^2 + 2y^2 = 9$ at (1, 2). (5%)
- 2. Given a vector field $F(x, y) = x^2 \hat{i} + y \hat{j}$, find the direction along which $\left| \frac{dF(2,1)}{ds} \right|$ is a maximum, where s is the displacement. (8%)
- 3. Consider the linear system of equations Ax = b, where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & m & 2 \\ 2 & n & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the relation of m and n for which the problem has solution(s). (7%)

Partial differential equations and complex analysis

- 4. Find the deflection of the membrane of sides **a** and **b** with $c^2 = 1$ ($c^2 = \frac{T}{\rho}$, where *T* is tension and ρ is the mass per unit length) from the two dimensional wave equation for the initial deflection f(x,y) = xy(a-x)(b-y) and initial velocity 0. Deflections are zero on the boundary. (15%)
- 5. Flow with circulation around a cylinder can be represented by the complex potential: $F(z) = z + \frac{1}{z} \frac{iK}{\pi} \ln z$. Calculate the stagnation point (points at which the velocity is zero) for $K = 2\pi$ and 4π , respectively for which the cylinder wall |z| = 1 is a streamline. (10%)

Ordinary differential equations

6. Consider the differential equation

$$x^{2}y'' + (3x - 1)y' + y = 0.$$

- (a) Show that x = 0 is an irregular singular point. (5%)
- (b) Show that

$$y = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n! \, x^n$$

is a series solution of the given differential equation. (5%)

注:背面有試題

國立中央大學101學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷

所別:機械工程學系碩士班 丁組(系統)(一般生) 科目:工程數學(含程式設計) 共 乙頁 第 2 頁

機械工程學系光機電工程碩士班 甲組(機電系統控制)(一般生) 科目:工程數學及程式設計 本科考試可使用計算器,廠牌、功能不拘 *請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

7. A rabbit starts at the origin and runs up the y-axis with speed a. At the same time a dog, running with speed b, starting at the point (c,0) and pursues the rabbit. Show that the path of the dog can be mathematically expressed by the differential equation,

$$xy'' = \frac{a}{h}\sqrt{1+(y')^2}$$
 (10%)

8. Let a sequence of functions $\phi_1(x)$, $\phi_2(x)$, ..., $\phi_n(x)$, ... be orthonormal functions on an interval $a \le x \le b$. Verify that

$$a_k = \int_a^b f(x)\phi_k(x)dx$$
, $k = 1,2,...n,...$

where f(x) is an analytical function and a_k is the coefficient of expansions of the form representing f(x) such that

$$f(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \phi_k(x)$$
 (5%)

程式語言

9. 數學中常用的π可用下列無窮數列來計算:

$$\pi = 4 - \frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{5} - \frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{9} - \frac{4}{11} + \dots$$

吾人可藉由計算數列的一項、二項、三項和...,來求得 π 的近似值。試寫一程式,以迴圈方式計算至n項和之 π 的近似值,並將結果儲存於變數 result 中。程式碼限定以C、C++、Visual Basic 或EFortran 撰寫,除迴圈變數以整數宣告外,其餘所有變數均以實數宣告,並註明使用的程式語言。 (10%)

10. 在程式語言中,常用一、二維陣列來分別表示方向向量及轉換矩陣。假設有兩個方向向量P、R與一個轉換矩陣T,其維數依序是 1x4、1x4、4x4。若 R = P x T,如此可藉由轉換矩陣 T 將方向向量 P 在空間中平移或旋轉到方向向量 R。若 P、T 為已知,試寫一程式計算轉換後之方向向量 R,程式中需使用迴圈計算,程式碼限定以C、C++、Visual Basic 或 Fortran 撰寫.除迴圈變數以整數宣告外,其餘所有變數均以實數宣告,其數值無需考慮,並註明使用的程式語言。 (15%)

注:背面有試題