

# 國立中央大學 107 學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別： 數學系 碩士班 數學組(一般生)

共1頁 第1頁

科目： 高等微積分

本科考試禁用計算器

\*請在答案卷(卡)內作答

Write legibly and logically. Decide how much details to include.

Part I: Definitions and Theorems. Complete the sentence in the case of a definition

- (7ps) Let  $n \geq 2$ ,  $m \geq 1$  and  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ . We say that  $f$  is differentiable at  $x_0$  if ...
- (7ps) A set  $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  is open if ...
- (7ps) A set  $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  is sequentially compact if...
- (7ps) Let  $f, f_k : X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  where  $k = 1, 2, \dots$ . We say that  $f_k$  converge pointwise to  $f$  on  $X$  if ....
- (7ps) Let  $f, f_k : X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  where  $k = 1, 2, \dots$ . We say that  $f_k$  converge uniformly to  $f$  on  $X$  if ....
- (7ps) State the Heine-Borel Theorem.
- (7ps) State the Minimum-Maximum (also known as the Extreme Value) Theorem.

Part II: Computations

- (10ps) Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sqrt{\ln(\sec x)}}{x}$ .
- (10ps) Find  $\int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{x}}^1 \sin\left(\frac{y^3+1}{2}\right) dy dx$ .
- (11ps) Find the maximum and minimum values of  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  subject to the constraint:  $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 1$ .

Part III: Proofs

- (7ps) Let  $f_k : X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a sequence of continuous function. Suppose  $f_k$  converge uniformly to  $f$  on  $X$ . Prove that  $f$  is also continuous on  $X$ .
- (3ps) Give an example showing (and write the proof for it) that this is not true if the  $f_k$  are just converging pointwise to  $f$ .
- (10ps) True or false? If you think the following statement is false, give a counter-example (and prove that your example works) and if you think that it is true, prove it. Let  $X \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be an open set and  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x_0 \in X$ ,  $\vec{n} \in \mathbb{R}^n$  is a unit vector. Suppose  $f$  is differentiable in every direction  $\vec{n}$  at  $x_0$ , then  $f$  is differentiable at  $x_0$ .

參考用